read in America; and I hope soon to find in our language and in the hands of all our readers your last very curious and interesting treatise *de la literature des negres*. It is a work of indefatigable research, and brings to light many facts unknown in this country; where the cause of humanity is most interested in propagating that species of knowledge. I hope the manuscript copy of Mr. Warden's translation is not lost; or if it is, that he will be able to furnish our booksellers with another.

If I had renounced christianity, as your letter seems to suppose, that letter with my reflections on your life and conversation would certainly bring me back. For you judge me right when you say I am not ashamed to own myself possible in the wrong, or in other words confess myself a man. The gospel has surely done great good in the world; and if, as you imagine, I am indebted in any measure to that for the many excellent qualities of my wife, I owe it much indeed.

I must now terminate my letter; or I shall be obliged to turn from you to the public with an apology for making it so long; since I must offer it to the public in my country & trust to your sense & justice to do the same in yours and in your language, in order to give it a chance of meeting your letter in the hands of all its readers. If, thus united, they serve no other purpose, they will be at least a short lived monument of our friendship, and furnish one example of the calmness and candor with which a dispute may be conducted, even on the subject of religion.

Your affectionate friend,
JOEL BARLOW.

*Kalorama, 13th Sept. 1809.*

## WASHINGTON CITY.

### FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29.

Among the ridiculous calumnies with which a number of the federal prints teem (other respectable prints of this denomination, we admit are characterised by a far different tone) none is more unfounded than that which ascribes to the republicans a disposition to foment our misunderstandings with England into war. Because the late disavowal of Mr. Erskine's arrangements has excited the general indignation of the nation and produced a universal conviction that the motives of such a government ought to be viewed with distrust, and that until its conduct shall be explained, it is absurd to talk of its justice or friendship; because its continued violations of our rights, when the cause it assigned itself for them has ceased, have been inculcated as furnishing strong grounds for the opinion that we have nothing to calculate upon but that which shall be extorted from its fears; because, under these circumstances the nation is guarded against the dangers of false security—we are told that there is a strong desire to precipitate the U. S. into the horrors of war.

The folly of this language is the best evidence of the forlorn situation to which the opposition to the existing administration is reduced.

The charge of French influence, so dexterously urged against Mr. Jefferson, by the leading federalists is altogether abandoned in relation to Mr. Madison.

Our existing measures, by which commercial intercourse is prohibited with England and France, were sanctioned by every federal vote in the Senate, and by a large portion of the votes in the House of Representatives. Even Pickering and Quincy voted for them.

The arrangement made with Mr. Erskine has been extolled to the skies by the federalists.

The recent proclamation of the President reinstating the provisions of the non-intercourse has also met with their general approbation.

The talents, the virtues, the moderation, the independence of Mr. Madison, are the constant theme of federal applause.

Nothing, in short, has been done by him, that is not approved.

Still an attempt is persisted in to divide the people, by exciting their fears and fomenting their suspicions of the eventual course that shall be pursued by the administration.

There can be but one motive for this otherwise inexplicable conduct. It must be to prepare the public for that denunciation which it is intended to oppose to whatever measures shall be finally taken by the government. In this nation, as in every other where any freedom exists, there will always be an opposition composed of malcontents of men who have been disappointed in their personal views, who have coveted honors or offices denied them by the government; of men, who, from the peculiar structure of their minds, are destined to be in eternal opposition to any government; and of weak men, who, for a variety of causes, are the ill-fated victims of political delusion. Such are the materials of which the present opposition is composed. The honorable conduct of the government, by a fortunate concurrence of circumstances, has become so manifest, as to have shaken from their fealty most of the talent and respectability of the federal party. Enlightened & honest federalists, having become convinced of the pure views of administration, disclaim to lend their aid to the calumnies of faction; hence the opposition is reduced even more in talent than in numbers. It is not surprising that, in this forlorn condition, the abortion of hope should have produced the madness of despair and that the few federal prints which still hold out should exhibit the ravings of bedlam, and be stuffed with the most incoherent nonsense.

DIED on Tuesday the 19th inst. at Greenwood in Prince Georges county, after a distressing illness which he bore with unexampled fortitude, NATHL. CRAUFORD, esq. in the 64th year of his age. In the death of this truly meritorious man, society has sustained a serious loss, which to his family and friends can never be repaired. On the day following the funeral ceremony was performed before a numerous assemblage of his neighbors, by the Rev. Mr. Scott in a strain of pious and unaffected eloquence peculiarly impressive.

*Charleston, Sept. 15.*

CENSUS.—We have been favored with the following as containing the number of the white inhabitants of this state, taken in pursuance of an act of the Legislature, passed at the last session:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Pendleton district | 19,936 |
| Charleston | 15,951 |
| Edgefield | 15,666 |
| Abbeville | 12,126 |
| Spartanburgh | 11,890 |
| Laurens | 11,068 |
| Greenville | 10,748 |
| Newberry | 8,960 |
| York | 8,877 |
| Chester | 8,512 |
| Union | 8,262 |
| *Fairfield | 7,871 |
| Sumter | 7,702 |
| Barnwell | 7,646 |
| Orangeburgh | 6,489 |
| Marion | 6,303 |
| Darlington | 5,924 |
| Colleton | 5,392 |
| *Beaufort | 5,293 |
| Kershaw | 4,885 |
| *Lancaster | 4,217 |
| Lexington | 4,061 |
| Marlborough | 3,648 |
| Chesterfield | 3,601 |
| Richland | 3,482 |
| Horry | 2,934 |
| Williamsburgh | 2,227 |
| Georgetown | 1,750 |
| Total | 215,451 |
| The census of 1800, taken by the Federal Marshal, gave the number of the white inhabitants at | 196,255 |
| Increase in 9 years, | 19,166 |

** These are not correct; and we understand the Executive has given further directions respecting them.*

*Philadelphia, Sept. 25.*

Arrived, ship Superior, Capt. Butler, 51 days from Liverpool, with a full cargo of dry goods to sundry. Capt. Butler sailed the tenth of Aug. and brings nothing later than already received. Spoke the ship Oliver Ellsworth, from Liverpool for New York, which vessel sailed three days after the Superior, and was informed by her, that accounts had been received in England of the complete success of the British expedition—Flushing and all the other points of attack having surrendered. Off the Western Isles, spoke the British sloop of war Nautilus, who had fell in with a cutter from Spain, carrying dispatches, containing an account of victory obtained over the French in Spain. This must relate to the action of the 27th and 28th July. The loss of the French, as reported by the Nautilus, is but 14090, killed and taken prisoners.

The city council of London, the beginning of August, had a motion before them for rescinding their former vote of thanks to colonel Wardle.

It is reported by the Superior that Bonaparte had returned to Paris. This is not likely to have occurred so soon.

American produce had experienced a considerable rise in England, in consequence of the well-grounded expectation that immediately on hearing of the rejection of Mr. Erskine's arrangement, this government would revive the provisions of the non-intercourse.

[*Translated from Le Publiciste of Paris.*]

The most distressing intelligence is received at Constantinople from the Holy Land. It is reported that the Armenian inhabitants in the neighborhood of Jerusalem have quarrelled with the Christians there, and proceeded to such extremity that many persons have already lost their lives. It is added that many disasters have happened in the Holy City, and that several churches have been destroyed.

*Extract from the Messina Gazette of July 31, 1809.*

A vessel under a neutral flag from Civita Vecchia has furnished us with a copy of the declaration issued by his Holiness Pius 7th, at the time of the sacrilegious invasion of all his dominions, and of the patrimony of the church; and likewise of the sentence of excommunication issued against Bonaparte and his accomplices, on the 10th of June; which acts of the Pope are herewith published, to render them more generally known throughout the Catholic world.

PIUS POPE VII.

The disastrous designs of the foes of the Apostolical See are at length compleated.

After suffering the violent and iniquitous spoliation of the fairest and most considerable portion of our dominions, we now behold ourselves deprived entirely, under unworthy pretexts and with the most grievous injustice, of all our temporal sovereignty, with which our spiritual independence is closely connected. This consolation accompanies us, under the pressure of this severe persecution, that it has not been incurred for any wrong done to the emperor, or to France, which has been always the object of our tender fatherly solicitude; nor on account of any worldly political artifice; but because we would not betray our duties or our conscience.

No one, who professes the Catholic religion, and much less he, who presides over, and is principally bound to announce it, can displease God for the sake of pleasing men.

Bound moreover to God, and to the church to transmit our rights whole and entire, we protest against this new spoliation, and declare it null and void.

We reject with the most determined resolution the assignment of any allowance intended for us or the members of our College (of Cardinals) by the emperor of the French.

We should be overwhelmed with disgrace in the sight of the church, if we submitted to receive our subsistence from the hands of the usurper of her patrimony.

We resign ourselves entirely to Divine Providence, and to the devotion of faithful servants of God, and shall be satisfied piously to conclude the bitter career of our painful life.

We adore with profound humiliation the inscrutable designs of God. We invoke his mercy over all our good subjects, who will be always *our joy and our crown*—and after having discharged in these most distressing circumstances, our duty, we exhort them to preserve, in all integrity, their religion and faith, and with sighs and tears, between the porch and altar, to unite themselves with us in supplication to the Supreme Father of lights that he would graciously be pleased to work a change in the wicked designs of our persecutors. Given at our Quirinal Apostolical place this 10th June, 1809.

PIUS POPE VII.
L. S.

*Conclusion of the Sentence of excommunication.*

PIUS POPE VII.

By authority of the Almighty God, and of the Saints Peter and Paul, we declare you Napoleon Bonaparte and all your accomplices (co operators) in the act, which you are now executing, to have incurred the censure of excommunication; under which by our apostolical letters, cotemporaneously published and affixed at the usual places in this city, we declare all those to have fallen who, since the forcible invasion of this city on the 2d of February, 1808, have committed the violences, against which not only our successive secretaries of state by our orders, but we ourselves have protested in two consistorical allocutions (discourses) of the 16th of March, and 11th of July, 1808; and the same penalty attaches to all mandatories, supporters, and all others who have executed themselves or procured the execution of the above mentioned usurpations and violences. Given at Rome, at the Church of S. Maria Major, June 10, 1809. PIUS POPE VII.
L. S.

*London, Aug. 7.* We have just received Hamburgh papers to the 30th ult.—Frankfort of the 22—Berlin of the 25th—and Vienna of the 15th. The following is the substance:

*Vienna, July 15.* The emperor Napoleon is expected to set off for Paris to day.

*Frankfort, July 23.* Notwithstanding the armistice, the duke of Brunswick was on the 19th at Neustadt, and sent his patroles to Gotha.

*Lidgarsberg, July 20.* According to reports received here of the 17th, general Vandamme has broken up from Neustadt towards Gratz, as the Austrian general Giuley refuses to give up the fortress in virtue of the armistice.

*Moravia, July 21.* Yesterday the head quarters of the archduke Charles were at Pulescha, near Loutomschel.

The emperor Francis has been in Hungary since the 9th.


PURSUANT to a Resolution passed at a meeting held on the 22d instant, we have to request you to convene the citizens of Washington to take into consideration the expediency of forming a *Mutual Insurance Company* against loss from Fire.

JOSEPH HUDDLESTON,
RICHARD DINMORE,
CHARLES JONES.

ROBERT BRENT, Esq.
*Mayor of the city of Washington.*
23d September, 1809.

In consequence of the above communication, a meeting of the citizens of Washington is respectfully invited, at Lindsey's Hotel on Saturday next, the 30th inst. at 5 o'clock, P. M.

ROBERT BRENT, *Mayor.*
Sept. 24th, 1809.

WE the Subscribers, Stockholders in the *Washington Theatre*, being desirous to have the accounts closed, request Mr. Smith to publish the following notice.

GEORGE BLAGDEN,
FRED MAY,
GRIFFITH COOMBE,
JOHN LAW for T. LAW,
DANL. CARROLL of Dud'n.

The STOCKHOLDERS in the WASHINGTON THEATRE are requested to attend at LINDSAY'S Hotel on Saturday next, the 30th inst. at 4 o'clock P. M. in order to form some plan to close the business of the concern.

September 29—1t

THE Partnership of *Robert & Walter Clarke* (Painters), is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by ROBERT CLARKE & RANDOLPH, Pennsylvania avenue, opposite the West Market, they will undertake House and Sign Painting and Glazing in the best manner, with good materials and on the shortest notice.

N. B. Oil, Lamp-black, &c. for sale on the most reasonable terms.

Washington, Sept. 29—3t

*By Montgomery county Orphans court, August 16, 1809.*

ON application of Thomas Turner and Samuel Turner, executors of Samuel Turner late of Montgomery county, deceased, to sell the Personal Property of the said deceased: Ordered by the court, that they sell the same on a credit of nine months on all above twenty dollars, taking bond with good security bearing interest from the day of sale; all sums under twenty dollars cash—giving thirty days notice in some newspaper printed in Georgetown and the city of Washington; and printed hand bills set up in the most public places in the county of the time and place of sale.

Test SOLOMON HOLLAND, Reg.

PURSUANT to the above order and on the terms and conditions therein stated, will be exposed to Public Sale at the late dwelling plantation of Samuel Turner, deceased, (about five miles from Montgomery court house) on Friday the 10th day Nov. next, the Personal Property of the said deceased, consisting of valuable Negroes, men, women, lads, boys and girls; stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, &c. Household & Kitchen Furniture, Plantation Utensils, crop of Corn, Fodder, &c. &c. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock and continue, if necessary, from day to day until all is sold.

THOMAS TURNER, } Executors.
SAMUEL TURNER, }

September 29—tds

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public in general that he has commenced business on the Capitol Hill, in the Store formerly occupied by *Mr. Wm. Emack*, where he has

*FOR SALE*,

French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, Spirit Bounce, Whiskey, Teas, Coffee and Chocolate, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Alspice, Pepper, Ginger and Mustard, Raisins and Almonds, Cheese Pork and Bacon, Shad and Herrings, Fig and Indigo Blue and Starch, Mould and Dipt Candles and Soap, &c. all of which he will Sell—

FOR CASH.

He has likewise opened a LIVERY STABLE back of *Carroll's Long Row*, where Horses will be taken at three dollars per week—there is a large yard for the use of Carriages adjoining the premises. Every attention will be paid to give general satisfaction.

*RICHD. D. BOYD.*

N. B. Oysters will be kept during the Season and cooked in the best manner.—Wanted a smart active Lad about sixteen or seventeen years old to attend in the Store. One who can come well recommended will meet with encouragement.

*R. D. B.*

Sept. 26—

TAKE NOTICE.

THE Subscribers will receive Proposals in writing until the 14th day of October next, for building an addition to the Eastern Branch Market House; for the plan and other particulars apply to either of the commissioners.

SAMUEL N. SMALLWOOD, } Com-
ADAM LINDSAY, } missi-
WILLIAM PROUT. } oners.

Sept. 27—

*District of Columbia, Washington county, ss.*

I HEREBY certify that Henry Smith of said county, brought before the subscriber a Justice of the Peace for said county aforesaid, a BAY HORSE, 14 hands 1 inch high, three white feet, ridge main and some white spots on his back, shod before, trots and gallops, no perceivable brand, supposed to be 9 or 10 years old, taken up of the commons of the city near the Navy Yard with the saddle and bridle on.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of September 1809.

HENRY M. QUEEN.

The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take him away.

HENRY SMITH.

September 27—3t

NOTICE.

Whereas LOLLY ROSS my wife, has without just or sufficient cause eloped from my bed & board; this is to forewarn all persons from dealing with or crediting my said wife on my account, as I am determined not to be liable for any of her contracts.

SAML. ROSS.

Sept. 25.—3t

*Agreeably to an order of the Orphans Court of Charles county.*

THE subscriber will offer for sale, at the plantation of the late deceased Doctor DANIEL JENIFER, within a mile of Port Tobacco, on Monday the sixth day of November next if fair, and if not on the first fair day thereafter, the following property, to wit; about twenty likely negroes, one of two very valuable Blacksmiths, two young Women and the rest Boys and Girls, from four to thirteen years of age; at the same time, about sixty head of fat Cattle, some of which are steers well broke, also several Saddle Horses and Colts, an excellent Curricle, with harness complete, an old Chariot and a waggon with sundry other articles suitable to planters and farmers. For all sums above twenty dollars, bond with approved security, payable in six months will be required—and for all others cash must be paid.

DAN. of St. THOS. JENIFER,
Administrator of Dr. Danl Jenifer, dec.

Sept. 22—6t.

*THE SUBSCRIBER*

WILL Sell at Public sale on TUESDAY the 14th day of October next at the house of Mr. Wm. Ross, in the town of *Bladensburg* at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, a VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing one hundred acres more or less. The above property is situated within one mile of Bladensburg, and six from the Capital of the U. S. Terms of sale, one half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale, and a credit of twelve months will be allowed on giving bond with security for the payment of the balance with interest. I have also to dispose of at Private Sale, several young FEMALE SERVANTS, who have been used to all kinds of house work, and are good spinners.

MARGARET ADAMS.

September 29—1t

*SAMUEL BROOK,*

HAS imported thirty five Bales of coarse and fine *Plains and Kerseys* which are for Sale at *Thomas C. Wright's* in Geo. Town.

Sept. 15—9

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Subscriber anxious to receive a continuance of the public patronage, offers on the most reasonable terms the following Goods, viz.

Two bales of Rose Blankets, do. Striped, Broad Cloths, Flannels, Baizes & Coatings, an assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams, 300 pieces of Muslin laid in before the rise, Shirting Muslin, Lenoes, Dimity, Cambric and Laces, laced and plain stockings, bed-covers, and home made Tickings, country Cotton, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

Also, One doz. barrels Newburyport Shad, Herrings, retailing Flour, Whiskey, Cider, by the barrel, Ketchup, 10 barrels bounce, fresh Lemons, Raisons & Almonds, Sweet Oil, Crockery, Cheese and Bacon by the quantity, and Soap by the box. Waggoners will find it an object to call at his Store, as he generally gives more for country produce than the Alexandria & Georgetown prices.

N. B. For Sale 100 Shares in the new Bank by

F. A. WAGLER,
New store opposite Centre Market.

September 22—3t

PATENT RIGHTS OFFERED FOR SALE.

*The Subscriber offers the following Patent Rights for Sale.*

The first is a simple and easy method of Preserving Animal & Vegetable Substances *without the use of salt*, by which these substances will be rendered capable of bearing the transitions of every climate without danger of diminution or waste.

The second a *Shingle and Nail cutting machine*, that can also be applied to the making Laths, barrel and hogshead Staves.

The third is a *Planing Mill*, operated by a four ox power, by which from 40 to 50 ten feet boards may be plained up in a few minutes.

The fourth is a simple machine for *Thrashing Wheat and small Grain* without injuring the straw; it will not only completely disengage the grain from the ear, but screen and prepare it for market by one operation; with equal effect it may be applied to bruising apples for making cider.

The fifth patent is for a new method of *Distilling in Cast Iron*, instead of Copper Stills, by which the whole operation is performed in the still itself, with advantages to the increase of quantity and quality of the spirit, not now generally obtained in the common way. For further particulars apply personally or by letters (post paid) addressed to

JOSEPH COPPINGER, Baltimore.

September 22—3t

JUST PUBLISHED.

*And for Sale at R. C. Weightman's Bookstore, Pennsylvania avenue.*

Mr. BARLOW's Letter to Bishop Gregoire, in reply to the Bishop's letter on the COLUMBIAD, price 12 1-2 cents.
Gertrude of Wyoming, by Thos. Campbell.
Miranda's Expedition.
Memoirs of Mrs. Clarke.
Several new Plays.

September 22—3t

RAN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER,

LIVING in Brenton, Prince William County, Virg. on the 11th Aug. 1809, a Mulatto man named CÆSAR, 21 or 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, calls himself Keys; is much sun-burned, has a full suit of hair—took with him a pair of nankeen pantaloons, a Bennet Cord waistcoat having yellow and red collars, a short dark summer coat, besides several other articles. It is apprehended he has gone northward, having been traced into Washington City with a crowd of negroes returning from the camp meeting held in Fairfax county. He is not skilled in any handy craft, but has been entirely accustomed to the business of a plantation. Whoever shall apprehend the said negro, and secure him in any jail, shall receive twenty dollars reward—if brought home all reasonable charges shall be paid by the subscriber. Masters of vessels are cautioned against receiving on board their vessels the said Slave.

GERARD ALEXANDER, Sen.

Sept. 22—2awtf.