brought dispatches for mr. Drummond, the English minister here, who to-day presented a note to the ministry, and had an interview with count Bernstorff. After this interview mr. Drummond prepared for his departure, and has actually set out this evening for Eilsnear, accompanied by mr. Vanistart. This afternoon orders were given to occupy the coast with military. For this purpose the light infantry in garrison in the citadel will be detached till further orders.

We are assured that in the note or ultimatum presented by mr. Drummond to the secretary of state, count Bernstorff, our government is required to recede from the northern alliance, to permit the free passage of the Sound to the English fleet, and that the Danish ships are no longer to fall with convoys. Should these terms not be accepted to, mr. Drummond was to go for portsmouth, which have accordingly been given to him, as well as to mr. Vanistart. On the part of England it was demanded that our answer should be given in six hours. At sixpm it was also reported that mr. Drummond had had a second interview with count Bernstorff.

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VIENNA, March 14.

Pulwan Oglou has suffered in a late battle, since which he has prudently retired from the left bank of the Danube.

—

HAMBURGH, March 25.

Within a few days Prussian troops will occupy the territories of Brunsen and Hamburgh. They will not take possession of the cities, and we are therefore under no alarm.

—

March 28.

[Extract of a letter.]

The object of the million of the French courier, mentioned here a few days ago from Paris, is no longer a secret. His dispatches relate to a demand of 4,000,000 livres, made by the French Government upon this city, payable in three days. A bill to that amount on the House of Chapeaumage and Co. has even been presented for acceptance. The Senate held a meeting the 18th inst. which bilted from the morning till late in the afternoon. For taking into consideration this unexpected request, for the payment of which the French Republic makes the whole city responsible, though it is reported that it will immediately concern only certain rich individuals, who, as merchants, have in their possession a great deal of property belonging to French Emigrants, or other persons who have been guillotined during the reign of terror.

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BIRMINGHAM, March 27.

The disturbances that have lately taken place here have invariably begun at a stated hour; the reason is obvious. About eleven o'clock most of the manufactories stop, either the excitement of curiosity, or the interest of mischief, has every evening this week drawn a great number of work people together in the same place, and at the same juncture of time.

—

LONDON, March 28.

Ministers continue seriously engaged in promoting the system of pacification, which they have adopted. The last dispatch of the French government to the proposal transmitted by us for commencement of overtures, was yesterday morning communicated to mr. Hawkesbury. It is rumoured that Bonaparte has in his answer expressed a sincere desire for the revivation of tranquility, but at the same time remarked that he could not enter on immediate negotiations, without consulting his allies.—It was on Saturday morning that an interview took place between Lord Hawkesbury and Mr. Otto.

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LONDON, March 29.

CHINA.

The late overland dispatch from India offered us of accounts of that revolutionary principles which so long convulsed Europe, having extended themselves to China, and excited at Pekin and most of the cities of the empire, the most alarming fermentation. The government had revived all the penal edicts against the introduction of new sects and doctrines, and have imposed on the several foreign astronomers artists, missionaries, &c. who have been permitted to reside in the country the most rigid restrictions.

At a town on the banks of the Pei-ho river, considerable disturbances were excited by the Brahmins, in their zeal to enforce the orders with which they were enraged against those converts to the Romish religion, but repressed by the military.—Whether of the people, however, indeed some decided, political change.

From a Cape Town paper.

MARINE WAYWISER.

In one of the late MONITEURS is given a long account of a machine, said to be of great ingenuity, for the purpose of measuring a ship's way, which it is stated to do with infinitely more exactness than the log usual on board. It consists of a hollow copper cylinder, furnished outwardly with blades or oars of the same metal, which being acted upon by the water, gives motion to an internal wheel work. This latter marks the ship's way, by a fet of hands and dial on the surface. It is not necessary for us to enter into further details. It is sufficient to state the only novelty in the application of our common *Pedometer* or *Odometer*, to a nautical use. The idea seems worthy the attention of some of our ingenious mechanics. Capt. *White*, of the American frigate the *Constitution*, is said to have tried the machine in measuring a dubious, and found it correct. Long-Island, which it performed with the utmost precision.

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LONDON, March 31.

We have heard the answer of the French Government to the overtures of peace made from this country, stated to be—"that the Chief Consul received the overtures with great pleasure; that he moft communicate them to his allies, and would, as soon as possible, send an answer." On Saturday a Cabinet Council was held, when it was determined to signify that this Government is ready to treat with the allies of France. This evening Mr. Otto first set out for Calais, per with dispatches to Paris with this intelligence; and they failed from Dover on Sunday. Some weeks will elapse before the Chief Consul will have an answer from St. Petersburg, and negociation may perhaps be delayed till that period. In the meantime it is probable that Mr. Otto and Lord Hawkesbury will found each respecting the views of their Governments, and that the business may be somewhat advanced before negociations shall be officially appointed.

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LONDON, April 1.

His majesty not continuing so well towards the latter end of last week, his physicians ordered a strong blister, which being applied to the back, produced immediate relief.

The Hamburgh mail that arrived on Monday has brought letters from Sir Ralph Abercrombie's army, dated 4th February, at which time it was full at Macri, but the expedition had then in hourly expectation of failing. The army has been fo well supplied with provisions and fruit that very few possessions were dead. Brigadier General Moore is gone to Acre, considfit on the necessary operations of the army on its landing.

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April 3.

It was yesterday reported in the city, that advice had been received of a total change having taken place in the ministry of Russia; and although the rumour could not be traced to any authentic source, the credit, which the public opinion seemed to attach to it, caufed the funds to experience a rise of half one per cent.

Our letters from Plymouth state, the arrival at that port of a cartel from Morlaix, with intelligence that the French army now at Brest is about to cooperate with the Spaniards, in the invasion of Portugal, amounts to 45,000 men.

A number of British merchantmen, under convoy, arrived at Yarmouth from Hamburgh on Wednesday. It is faid that they took their departure fooner than was intended, in consequence of an intimation from the British Agent with respect to the apparent danger of their remaining any longer in the Elbe. The commencement of hostilities, on our part, in the Sound, was expected to be the signal for the march of the Prussian troops against Hanover and Hamburgh.

According to an article in one of the last Paris Journals, the Prussian division under the orders of general Reichel has received orders to enter the territory of Hanover.

A numerous army is about to be afembled along the French coast from Havre to Dunkirk. The Russian troops who were lately poftoned in France, are to form a part of it, and general Moreau is to have the chief command.

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It is understood that the Batavian republic will be granted an increase of territory, by the augmentation of a part of the bishopric of Munster, as a compensation for the loss of Maeftricht, Venlo, and Dutch Flanders. According to the plan in circulation, the Ems and the Lippe are to be the limits of Batavia on the side of Germany. The other part of the bishopric of Munster with the electorate of Hanover, and the imperial towns of Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburgh, will be united to the Prussian monarchy by the consent of the emperor of Russia and the French government.

From the sun, a London ministerial paper, of March 27.

"We fome time ago ftated, what all the Papers have been almoft daily ever since repeating, that our Miniffers were taking means to afcertain the real difpofition of the French Government with refpect to Peace. We have now the happinefs of faying, that the prospect for Negociation is extremely favourable. M. Otto has a dilpatch this morning on the fubject, and it is fuppofed that negociation will very fpeedily be actually entered upon."

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KINGSTON, April 14.

On Sunday evening arrived at Port Royal his majefty's fhips Prince of Wales of 98 guns, rear admiral fir Robert Calder kn. captain W. Frowfe; La Pompée of 80 guns, captain Sitling; Juftic, of 80 guns, captain Swayne; Cumberland, of 74 guns, captain Reynolds; Courageux, of 74 guns, captain Duff; Spencer, of 74 guns, captain Darby; and Thames, of 32 guns, captain Hall.

The above fquadron was detached from the channel fleet in quefl of the French fhips which efcaped out of Brefl; it touched in Portugal, and Fayal, in fearch of them but was difappointed; it likewife looked into the enemies poffeffions to windward and Cape Francois and the Mole, but laftly, of thefe, from thofe different circumftances it may be inferred that their deftination is not for this quarter, but for the Red Sea or Eaft Indies.

At the time fir Robert Calder was difpatched after the French fhips, we underftand that two other fquadrons of equal force were fent on the fame errand, one to go up the Mediterranean, the other to the Eaft Indies.

The Magicienne, and another fhip of the part of fir Robert Calder's fquadron were parted with in a gale of wind, before it reached the Windward Iflands.

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FROM THE AURORA.

PORT REBUBLICAN.

DECREE.

TOUSSAINT LOUVERTURE, General in chief of the army of St. Domingo.

Complaints having reached me from the Departments of the North, the South, the Weft, and the cis-devant Spanish parts, under the power of the Republic, that foreign fhips defolate the Coaft of St. Domingo, by reiterated aggreffions and infults; that they deftroy the Coafting and French commerce; taking cargoes forcibly away, leaving the crews in the firft convenient place, leaving them a prey to all kinds of want and diff ctes, and finking the fhips thus plundered, if they ftand to refiftance and plunder the American fhips anchored in our ports, they have made debarkations, menaced the adjutation of the eftablishments of fubfiftence, and threatened to fet fire to the little towns fituated on the fea coaft they have intercepted, captured, and carried away the fhips which belonging to the State defined to carry the neceffaries of life from one port to another.

Confidering that fuch conduct requires a prompt remedy, I decree as follows:—

Art. 1. As foon as this notification fhall reach all the ports, bays, anchorages, and all other acceffible places of the Iland of St. Domingo, the garifons of troops of the line, in order to defend the coafts from all invafions, and protect the coafting, and French commerce, fhall receive all fhips which fhall be purfued, take them under their protection, and defend them from attacks.

Art. 2. The commandant of each road, bay, and anchorage, are charged to defend all fhips purfued, and when a fhip fo purfued will feek fafety under his protection, and that the commander fhall not be defended by a battery, the commandant fhall put on board a ftrong guard, to prevent her being forcibly taken away, as had been the cafe lately with an American veffel in the road of Jacmel; the commandants will be held refponfible that fuch infults fhall not take place in future.

Art. 3. The Generals commanding divifions, the generals, the commandants of diftricts, of places and of communes, are charged, on their perfonal refponfibility, to enforce the execution of the prefent decree, and each commandant who fhall fuffer a fhip to be forcibly taken out of any road, bay, or anchorage, where he fhall command, fhall be immediately depofed and conducted to the council of War, to be there judged conformable to the laws of the Republic, as the cafe may require.

Art. 4. This meafure fhall be perfonally executed in the moft rigorous manner, until further orders.

The prefent Decree fhall be printed to the number of 500, read, publifhed, and pofted up wherever it fhall be neceffary, fent to all the Generals commanding divifions, the Generals, the Commandants of Diftricts, of places and of communes in order that none of them may plead ignorance.

At Head-Quarters, Port-Republican, the 13th Germinal, 9th Year of the French Republic, one and indivifible, (3d April, 1801.

TOUSSAINT LOUVERTURE,
General in Chief.

CHEAP LUMBER

FOR SALE,

By the Subscriber, on reasonable terms, either by large or small quantities, at his Lumber Yard, the north end of Lamberton, and at the old Sturgeon Pond, above Richards's wharf,

A GREAT VARIETY OF

ASSORTED LUMBER, viz.

1-2 and 1-4 inch, 1 2-8, and 1 do. Yellow pine heart boards—1 inch panel, 1 1-4 do. floors, 1 do. common, white pine do—3 do. 1-4 and 1-2 do planks, 1 do. 3-4 and 1-8 do. boards, black walnut—2 do. plank, 3 do. 1 2 do panned boards, bedfted fetts, poplar the whole of the above are well fcafoned and fit for use]—clear heart pine, and fine pine white oak, and bilfted, hemlock and white pine ship-ftuff, afforted—ftuff kind third for cooper fhingles, dreffed and undreffed, do twoo feet white pine do, 1 do. 18 inch cypreffe do—ftaves rails—Alfo, white pine fawed rails—fhingles and paftering laths, beft kind; white oak wagon timber—fap pine planks, fap pine oak hoops, 3-4 cedar, bell kind, 3-4 white pine, 3-4 fap pine, feafoned weather boards—a quantity of handfome chefnut pailings, fawed 1 by 3 inches and from 4 to 16 feet long, for garden fence, &c. A quantity of cheftnut oak poft, dreffe and undreffed; a quantity of cherry boards, a quantity of large white oak joice, a quantity of chefnut poftand fence rails, a quantity of white oak for food blocks—2000 feet of fickmore fcantling for bedfteads; 1 inch white oak plank; 1 inch white oak boards, 1 do. do. do—4,000 feet fawed cherry boards and plank, 3,000 do. 1-3 clear 1 inch white pine plank, 3,000 do. handfomed beaton wood bedfteads fetts finished, 100,000 prime North Carolina fhingles, a quantity of oak plank, 1,500 feet philfter Pafte, warranted, 4,000 bufhels beft Virginia pit coal, 200 bufhel cleanin hoofe fand.

The fubfcriber intends, eftablishing a Lumber Yard at the Federal City of Wafhington, which he will keep regularly fupplied as above—Any quantities may be agreafter to be contracted, defirable, as the purchafer may wifh, provided that the place of delivery may be comfortable by water with a navigable veffel—Any quantity that may be ordered for fhipping abroad, fhall be fupplied with punctuality and difpatch, agreeable to order.

Gentlemen who are or may be buildings—as well as carpenters who may be under or may enter into contracts to build and furnish the materials for their well works where attention to apply as above—Applications may be made by letter (poft paid) or otherwife, to the fubfcriber, or left with Wm and Anthony Mc. Buckley, or Benj W Morris and Co. merchants, Philadelphia.

Alfo for Sale or to Let.

A large commodious Dwelling Houfe, with out buildings complete, and from three to feven acres of land—Two fmall do. with three acres Alfo, a fmall Store near the river—All laying in the village of Lamberton.

NATHAN COMBS.

N. B. A Screw Jack to let, that raifes from 20 to 40 tons—Inquire—Confulate Supply of philifter and Smith's Virginia coal.

Lamberton, New Jerfey, (on Del.)
January 14, 1801. tuvf

New medicinal Store.

JOHNOT,

Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary, has just received via Philadelphia, a frefh fupply of genuine

Drugs and Medicines.

PATENT Medicines, and Surgeon's Inftrument & medicines which he will immediately fell at the moft reafonable prices by wholefale or retail, at the fhop formerly occupied by Doctor J Reintzel, in George-ftreet.

At the above place may alfo be had an afortment of Confectionary and Perfumery; likewife Gentlemen's Razors, fhaving fnuff boxes by 12, and pieces of all kinds dry and ground in oil, copal varnifh, Irish and American glue, paint brushes, beftled and unbeftled oil, ftarch, fnuff, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

April 27. 2awów

The fubfcriber refpectfully acquaints the public, that he has removed to the corner of Third and Freeftreets, where he continues to manufacture and fell all kinds of Ornaments for Chimney pieces, Door Caps, Frontfpieces, Metal Sashes, &c. which may alfo be had at his store No. 51, Barclay ftreet, New-York, and at Mr. Wild's ftore, Market ftreet, Baltimore.

GEORGE ANDREWS.

Who wifhes to let a BRICK HOUSE, the corner fide of the Prefident's houfe.

May 8, 1801.